## 109.

A roll of thick paper, 1245  $\times$  107 mm.

A complete calendar with chronological tables.

The calendar is in the form of diagrams and tables.

## A

The first table is a square diagram which contains all the seasons and months of the year in relation to the twelve Signs of the Zodiac.

B

The second table contains an ingenious method for finding the beginning of the years and months of the Arab or Islamic calendar.

هذا الجدول يعلم منه اوايل السنين والشهور العربية.

It is followed by another table in which the days of the week may also be known in that calendar.

C

A diagram and a table, which follow exactly the same method, for finding the beginning of the years and the months and the days of the week in the Syrian or Christian calendar.

هذا الجدول يعلم منه اوايل السنين والشهور الرومية.

D

All the remaining tables, covering more than two-thirds of the roll, contain an ecclesiastical calendar for the numerous Dominical festivals and commemorations of saints, together with the stars that are visible in the days on which these commemorations fall, and other details dealing with some events that may affect the earth.

Dated, at the end of the roll, end of Muḥarram of the year 1272 A.H. (A.D. 1856), and written by 'Abd al-Fattāḥ, son of Muḥammad 'Aṭāi.

قد تم في قلم الفقير الى مولاه الغذي السيد عبد الفتاح العطايي ابن السيد محمد افندي حفيد السيد عمر افندي العطايي وذلك في اخر شهر محرم الحرام الذي هو من شهور سنة الاثنين وسبعين ومايتين والف.

Clear Syrian Naskhi. Tables generally in black and red numbers. Profusely rubricated. Red rulings.

[Mingana Chr. Arab. 108.]